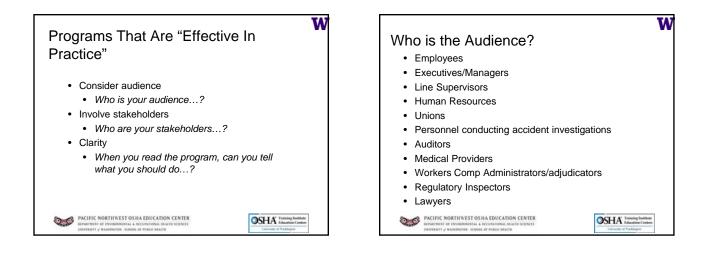


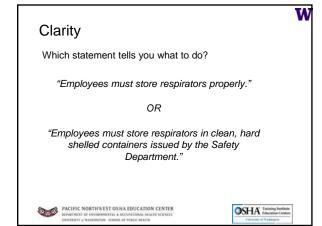
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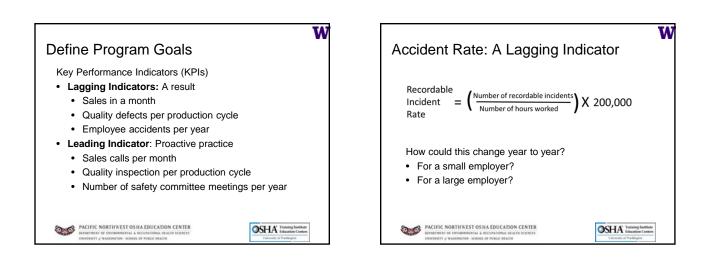


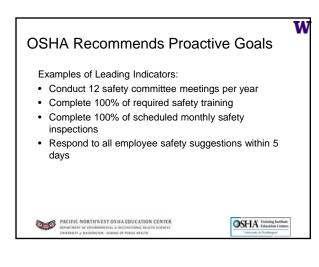


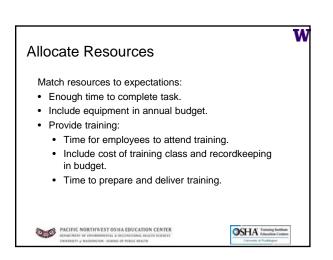






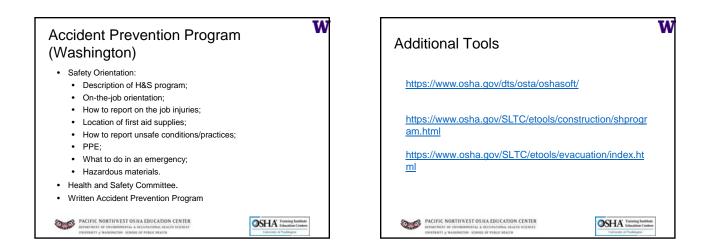


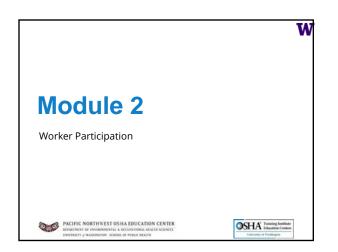




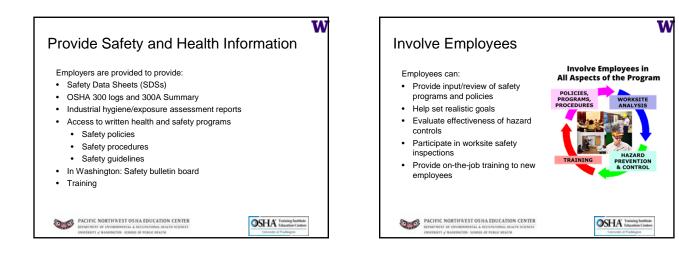


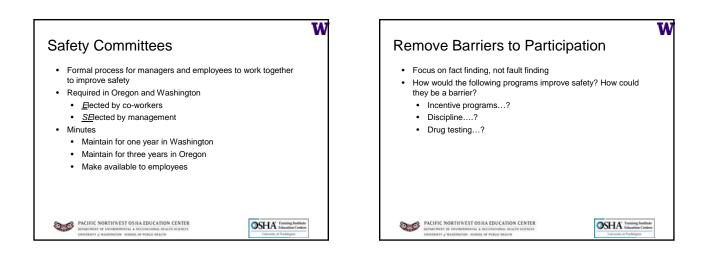




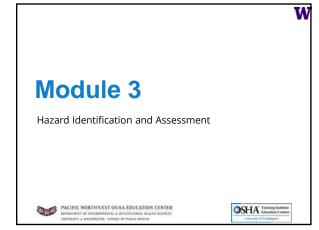












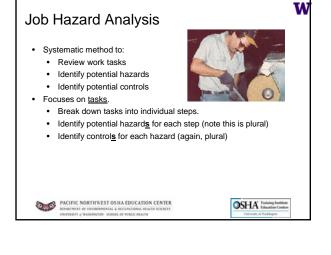


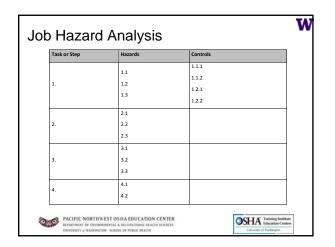


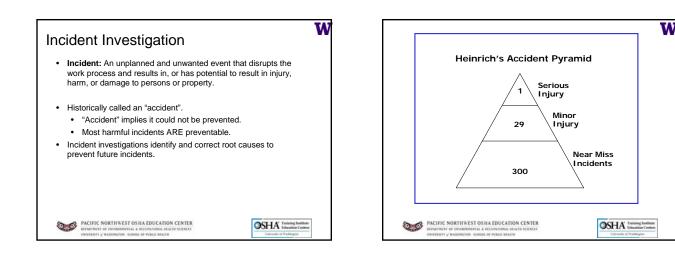


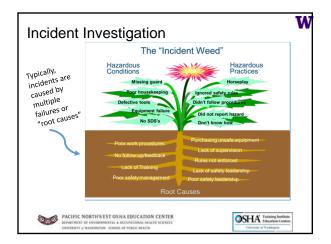


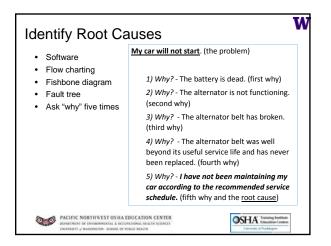




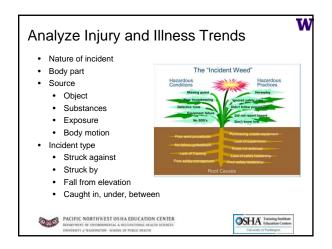


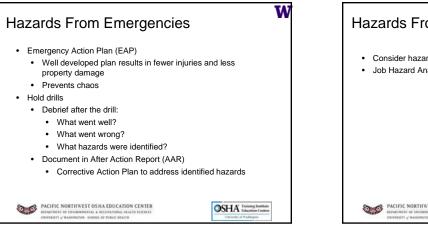


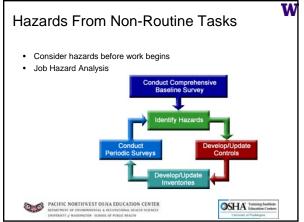


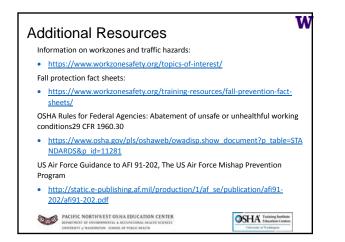


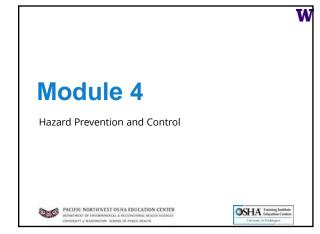


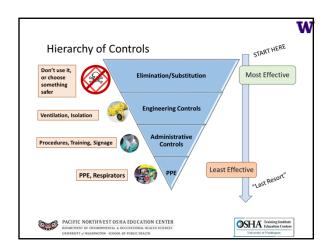


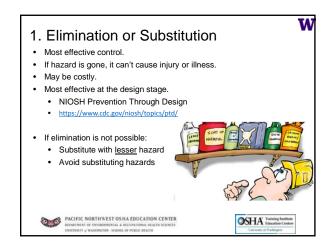


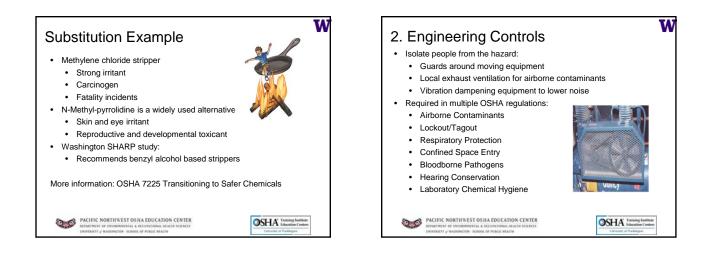


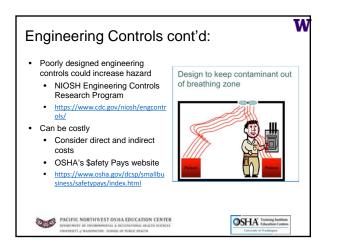




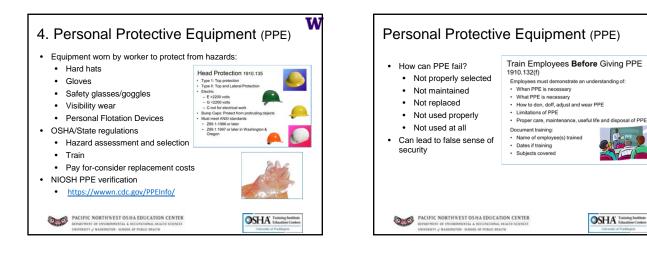


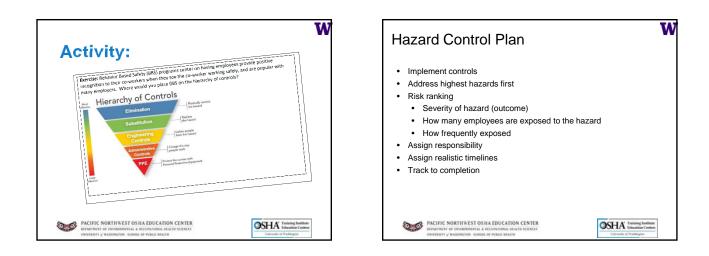


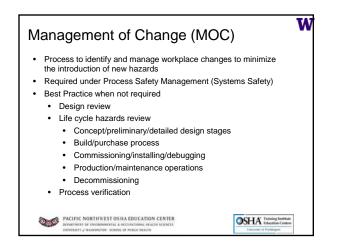


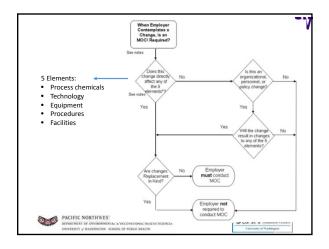








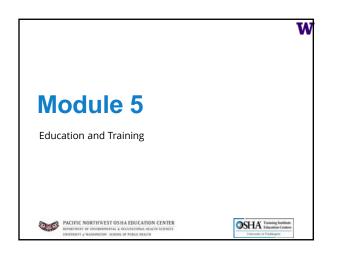


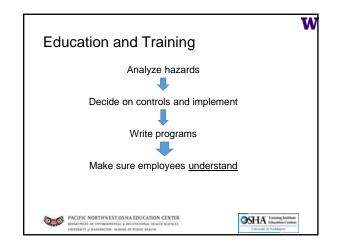


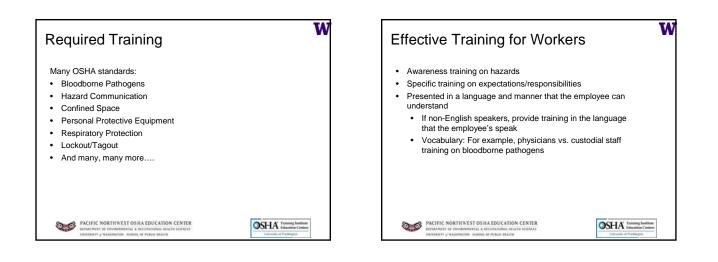
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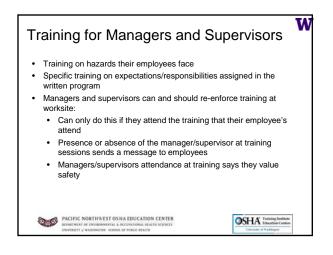
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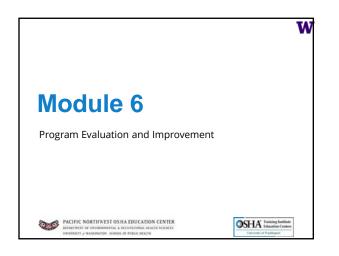


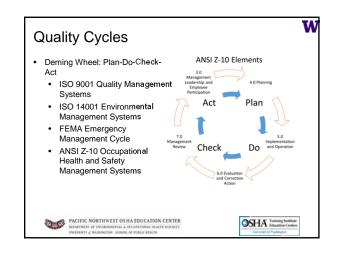


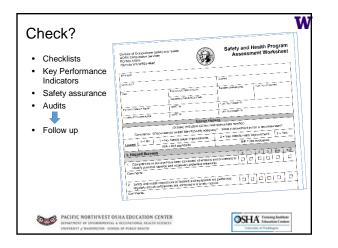


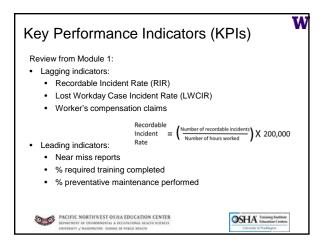








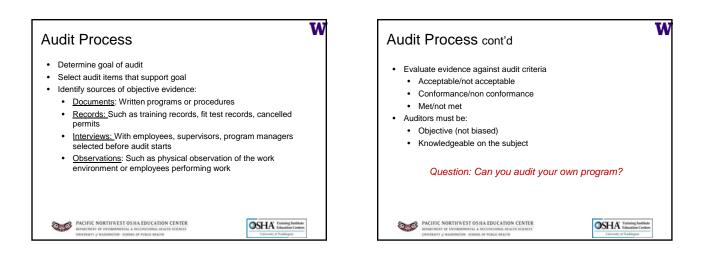


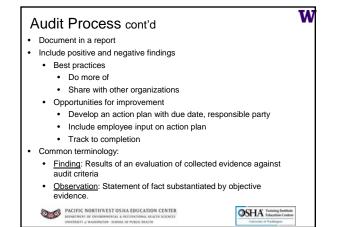


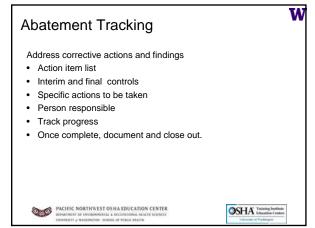




SMS afety man S) in brief W Audits 5. SMS Components 5 a comprised Safety Policy · Preparing and conducting an effective audit is a learned skill. Resources: . . Security, emergency preparedness and SMS lafety Risk Man sent - 1 American Society for Quality MS is scalable and flexible <u>http://asq.org/learn-about-quality/auditing/</u> ANSI/ISO 19011 Guidelines for Management System Auditing ANSI Z10, Appendix L efits of SMS 0. SMS and safety culture tures of SMS of the size, mode, or ope PACIFIC NORTHWEST OS HA EDUCATION CENTER OSHA' Training Institute Induction Content



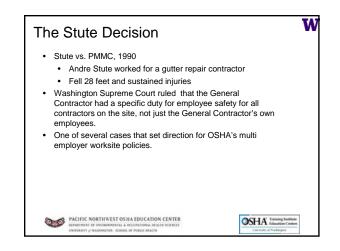


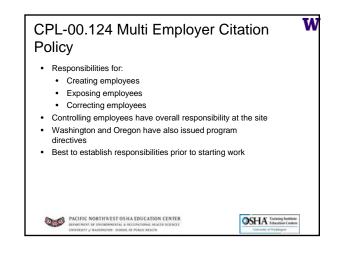




	es and Instructions:
Contractor	An individual or firm that agrees to furnish materials or perform services at a specified price, and controls the details of how the work will be performed and completed.
Controlling employer	An employer who has general supervisory authority over the worksite, including the power to correct safety and health violations itself or require others to correct them.
Correcting employer	An employer who is engaged in a common undertaking, on the same worksite, as the exposing employer and is responsible for correcting a hazard.
Creating employer	The employer that caused a hazardous condition that violates an OSHA Standard
Dual Employers	(Washington) Two or more employers who may share

Definitions	ployer Coordination
Demnitions	
Exposing employer	An employer whose own employees are exposed to the hazard.
Host employer	An employer who has general supervisory authority over the worksite, including controlling the means and manner of work performed and having the power to correct safety and health hazards or require others to correct them.
Staffing agency	A firm that provides temporary workers to host employers. A staffing agency hires its own employees and assigns them to support or supplement a client's workforce in situations involving employee absences, temporary skill shortages, seasonal workloads, and special projects.
Temporary workers	Workers hired and paid by a staffing agency and assigned to work for a host employer, whether or not the job is actually







OSHA Temporary Worker's Initiative:

- <u>Staffing agency</u> and <u>Host employer</u> communicate about hazard exposures and provide protections.
- <u>Staffing agencies</u> have a duty to inquire about hazards and ensure workers are sent to a safe workplace.
- Ignorance of hazards is not an excuse.
- <u>Staffing agencies</u> do not need to be an expert on the hazards, but need to know how to protect temporary workers.
- <u>Staffing agencies</u> have a duty to inquire and verify that the host has fulfilled responsibility to provide a safe workplace.
- <u>Host employers</u> must treat temporary employees just like any other worker in terms of training and safety and health protections.
- Recordable injuries go on the OSHA 300 log of the employer directing work.

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Conclusion Dings to think about: How does your workplace health and safety program compare to OSHA's Recommended Practices for Safety and Health Programs? What will you do when you get back to work?